

Native plants are trees, shrubs, flowers, grasses, and other plants that occur naturally in an area. Many people prefer to opt for native plants due to the benefits they provide, including:

- Low maintenance: Since native plants are accustomed to our environment, they require little upkeep to thrive, and often need little to no watering and fertilization after their first season.
- *Hardiness:* Native plants are acclimated to the diseases and pests that frequent our area, making them naturally more resistant to these conditions than plants that have been unnaturally introduced to the area.
- Adaptability: Native plants are accustomed to the erratic changes in light, temperature, and soil conditions in this area, and are therefore able to survive in a wide variety of conditions.
- Promotion of Local Ecology: Native plants provide local animals and insects with natural food and pollinators, benefitting the well-being of your area's ecology.

Luckily, you don't have to sacrifice diversity to reap these benefits! The East Coast and mid-Atlantic region hosts a wide variety of native plants, including those listed below.

<u>Natíve Perenníals</u>

- Agastache foeniculum Anise Hyssop
- Amsonia Blue star
- Asclepias Milkweed
- Baptisia False indigo
- Boltonia False aster
- Chelone Turtlehead
- Chrysogonum Golden knee
- Cimicifuga racemose Black snakeroot
- Coreopsis Tickseed
- Dicentra eximia Bleeding heart
- Echinacea Coneflower
- Eupatorium American boneset

- Gaillardia Blanket flower
- Gaura Gaura
- Helenium Sneezeweed
- Helianthus Sunflower
- Heliopsis False sunflower
- Heuchera americana Coral bells
- Heuchera villosa Hairy alum root
- Iris cristata Dwarf crested iris
- Iris versicolor Blue flag
- Liatris Blazing star
- Lobelia Cardinal flower
- Mertensia Bluebells

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More Native Perennials

- Mondara Bee Balm
- Oenothera Evening primrose
- Penstemon Beardtongue
- Phlox divaricarta Woodland phlox
- Phlox subulata Moss phlox
- Physostegia Obedient plant
- Polemonium Jacob's ladder
- Rudbeckia Black eyed susan

<u>Natíve Trees</u>

- Acer rubrum Red maple
- Acer saccharum Sugar maple
- Betula nigra River birch
- Cornus florida Flowering dogwood
- Crataegus viridis Green hawthorn
- Juniperus virginiana Red cedar
- Magnolia grandiflora Southern magnolia
- Malus spp. Crabapple

<u>Native Shrubs</u>

- Clethra alnifolia Sweet pepperbush
- Fothergilla major Witch alder
- Gaultheria procumbens Wintergreen
- Hydrangea arborescens Smooth hydrangea
- Hydrangea quercifolia Oakleaf hydrangea
- Itea virginica Virginia sweetspire
- Rhus aromantica Fragrant sumac
- Rubus Blackberry
- Vaccinium Blueberry
- Yucca filamentosa Adam's needle

<u>Natíve Vínes</u>

- Campsis Trumpetcreeper
- Lonicera sempervirens Trumpet honeysuckle

- Sedum divergens Cascade stonecrop
- Sedum ternatum Three-leaved stonecrop
- Senecio aureus Golden ragwort
- Sisyrinchium Blue-eyed grass
- Solidago Goldenrod
- Stokesia Stoke's aster
- Tiarella Foam flower
- Tradescantia Spiderwort
- Nyssa sylvatica Black gum
- Pinus strobus Eastern white pine
- Quercus palustris Pin oak
- Quercus rubra Red oak
- Taxodium distichum Bald cypress
- Tilia americana American linden
- Ulmus americana American elm

<u>Native Ferns</u>

- Athyrium filix-femina Lady Fern
- Dennstaedtia punctilobula Hayscented Fern
- Dryopteris marginalis Evergreen Wood Fern
- Dryopteris x australis Dixie Wood Fern
- Matteuccia pensylvanica Ostrich Fern
- Osmunda chinnamomea Cinnamon Fern
- Osmunda regalis Royal Fern
- Polystichum acrostichoides Christmas Fern

Native Ornamental Grasses

- Carex Stricta Tussock sedge
- Chasmanthium Northern Sea Oats
- Juncus effuses Common rush
- Nasella Mexican Feather Grass
- Panicum Switchgrass
- Phalaris Ribbon Grass
- Schizachyrium Little bluestem
- Scirpus Soft-stemmed bulrush

